

'A'ala-honua. Name of a Hilo wind accompanied by rain. *Ke hani malla ke Hilo pali ku, ku ka makani he 'A'ala-honua ki i ua,* those of Hilo of sheer precipices inhale as the rain-bringing Earth-Fragrance blows.

'a'e. 1. Several native trees, the soapberry (*Sapindus saponaria* L. *in-aequalis*), and all the species of *Fagaria* (also known as *Lanthocylum*), *Fagaria* having yellowish wood formerly used for digging sticks and spears; seeds of all (largest in the soapberry) are black, round and used for leis. Also called *ma'e*. 2. (Cap.) Northeast trade wind. Cf. *A'e-loa*, *Moa'e*, *na'e*. 3. A flight. (Malo 199.) 4. To, upward, sideways.

KA MAKANI

mai ka puke wehewehe 'ōlelo 'o

HAWAIIAN DICTIONARY

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KA MAKANI

A

'A'ala-honua. Name of a Hilo wind accompanied by rain. Ke honi maila ko Hilo pali ku, ku ka makani he 'A'ala-honua ki'i ua, those of Hilo of sheer precipices inhale as the rain-bringing Earth-Fragrance blows.

a'e. 1. Several native trees, the soapberry (Sapindus saponaria f. inaequalis), and all the species of Fagara (also known as Zanthoxylum), Fagara having yellowish wood formerly used for digging sticks and spears; seeds of all (largest in the soapberry) are black, round and used for leis. Also called mānele. 2. (Cap.) Northeast trade wind. Cf. A'e-loa, Moa'e, na'e. 3. Blight. (Malo 199.) 4. To, upward, obliquely, sideways; nearby, contagious, next, approaching; then (directional particle; see Gram. 7.2). Hele a'e, to go up, sideways. Kanaka 'ē a'e, different person. Kēia pule a'e, next week. Ko'u mua a'e, the one born just before, (older sibling, the one before me). 'Owai hou a'e? Who will be next? A he aha a'e? And what next? 'O āu keiki a'e kēia, here come your children. Ia lā a'e, ia lā a'e, from day to day. (PFN hake, PMP (s)akay.) 5. Replacement of ē in songs (commonly written a e, but a glottal stop is pronounced before 'e). 'A'ole mākou a 'e minamina i ka pu'u kālā a ke aupuni (song), we do not care about the government's sums of money.

A'e-loa. Name for the trade wind. See ki'eki'e for example. Cf. A'e,2, Moa'e.

ahe. Breeze; to blow or breathe gently; softly blowing. Ke ahe makani Pu'ulena, the gently wafting Pu'ulena breeze.

aheahe. Redup. of ahe; soft, gentle in sound; weak. Pā mai ka makani aheahe, the gentle wind blows. He kamumu o ke aheahe mālie, the rustle of the gentle breeze, sound of quiet whispers. Aheahe kahi 'ōpū i ka pōloli, the stomach feels weak with hunger.

'Āhiu. 1. Wild, untamed, as animals. 2. (Cap.) Name of a wind common in the mountains of Kahana, O'ahu. I aloha a'e au i ka 'Āhiu o Kahana, I greet the Wild Wind of Kahana.

'Aiko'o. Name of a wind at Nu'alolo, Kaua'i. (For. 5:95.)

'Ai-loli. Name of a wind at Kaupō, Maui. (For. 5:101.) Lit., sea cucumber food.

'Ai-maunu. Name of a wind at Hana, Maui. (Fornander 5:101.) Lit., bait eating.

akaku'u. Lessened, diminished, mitigated; to cease, abate, grow calm, as wind, surf, rain, anger, grief, pain; settled, calmed, quieted, appeased. Ua akaku'u mai ke ali'i, 'a'ole inu lama hou, the chief has calmed down, he doesn't drink any more.

- *'akipohe. 1. To nip. 'Akipohe na manu i ka lehua, the birds nip at the fringes of the lehua flowers. 2. Round, as a leaf; compact, concise. 'Akipohe ke 'ike aku i ka nani o Waipi'o, compact the beauty of Waipi'o. 3. (Cap.) Name of a wind at Waihe'e, Maui. 4. To center or concentrate in one place, as wind, rain. Obs.
- 'ākiukiu. Redup. of 'ākiu. A me ka makani 'ākiukiu kīpē pua hala o Puakei, and the penetrating wind pelting the pandanus blossoms of Puakei.
- *Ala-'eli. A wind of Mānoa Valley, Honolulu. Ku'u kāne mai na makani anu o ka 'aina, he Malualua me ke Ala'eli, my husband from the cool winds of the land, the Mālua and the Ala'eli.
- *'Ala-honua. Name of a light Hilo breeze. Lit., land fragrance. Also called 'A'ala-honua.
- *Ala-hou. Name of a Moloka'i wind. (For. 5:103.)
- 'āla'i. Gentle, as a breeze. Cf. la'i.
- *Ala-'oli. Name of a Kaua'i wind, said to bring good weather. (For. 5:97.) Lit., happy path.
- alau. Dividing, branching, as of winds and lineages. He makani alau ko kēia wahi, the wind here in this spot divides.
- 'ale. 1. Wave, crest of a wave, billow: to ripple, form waves, stir; to well, as tears in the eyes; rippling, stirring. 'Ale po'i, breaking wave. 'Ale pā pua'a, pig-pen wave, of a wave striking the side of the canoe. Ka 'ale wai hau a ke kua, the snow water wave of the gods (it was believed that the gods made snow). 2. Gust, as of wind. Rare. 3. Also are. Are, a unit of surface.
- *amu. 1. To curse, revile. Cf. kūamuamu. 2. To eat. Cf. hamu. 3. (Cap.) Name of a Kaua'i wind. (For. 5:97)
- ānahahe. Same as nahahahe, sft, gentle.
- ane. 1. A dermestid beetle that destroys feathers in feather-work; mites, as in chickens; ringworm; insect-eaten, gnawed. Lehu ane, fine ashes. (PPN ane. PMP anay.) 2. The breath of life, passing of a breeze. Cf. aneane.
- ani. To beckon, wave; to blow softly, as a breeze; to draw a net over the surface of water; to pass over the surface, as a hand; beckoning. 'Upena ani, draw net. ho'āni. To beckon, wave, signal; to let wind. (PPN angi, PMP hangin.)
- aniani. 1. Mirror, glass; clear, transparent, obvious. Cf. makaaniani, pukaaniani. Aniani na hana i ka Naukilo (song), techniques are clear to the Nautilus. 2. Cool, refreshing; to blow softly, gently. Fig., to travel swiftly.
- anuhea. Cool, soft fragrance, as of upland forests; sweetness. Cf. waiuanuhea. Ko 'ala anuhea ka'u i honi aku (song), your cool soft fragrance I inhaled.

- *'aoa. 1. To bark, as a dog; to howl (Ioela 1.5); lamentation, cry of distress; doleful (Isa 13.21). hō'aoa. To make a dog bark or howl. 2. A small shellfish (Melampus castaneus), strung in leis. (Ed. 186.) Also called maka'aoa. 3. Same as 'iliahi, sandalwood. (AP.) 4. Name for sacrificial places near fish ponds, where semi-annual offerings were made, as of taro, bananas, mullet, kohekohe grass, and black pig. 5. (Cap.) Name of a sea breeze at Honolulu blowing gently towards land. Also called 'Ao'aoa.
- *'ao'aoa. 1. Redup. of 'aoa, 1. 2. (Cap.) Same as 'aoa, 5.
- *'Aoa-lae-nihi. Northeast wind at Ni'ihau. Lit., lae-nihi (a fish) wind.
- *'Āpa'apa'a. 1. Name of a strong wind at Kohala, Hawai'i. 2. (Not cap.) Dry, parched. 3. (Not cap.) Same as 'āpa'a, 2. 4. A kind of lobster (No data).
- āulu. 1. Rough, raging, as sea or wind; to injure, harm, rage. 2. To grow. 3. A tall endemic tree (Rockia sandwicensis), with large, oblong, dark-green leaves; small rounded flower heads, narrow, dry fruits, and very soft wood. Cf. kaulu, papala-kēpau. 4. Same as 'āla'a, 1; Planchonella sandwicensis. 5. Same as lonomea, Sapindus oahuensis.
- aumiha. To float off in the air, as misma; evil spirits thought to attend graves.

E

- ea. 1. Sovereignty, rule, independence. Lā Ho'ihō'i Ea, Restoration Day. Ho'ihō'i i ke ea o Hawai'i, restore the sovereignty of Hawai'i. 2. Life, breath, vapor, gas, breeze, spirit (Isa. 42.5). This ea, as well as ea 1, 2, 3, 4, is sometimes pronounced or sung 'ea. Cf. eamāmā, ea-ola-māmā. Kaha ea, to deprive the rights of livelihood. Wai ea, aerated waters. Ua mau ke ea o ka 'āina i ka pono (state motto), the life of the land is preserved in righteousness. He palupalu lākou, he ea hele wale aku (Hal. 78.39), they were flesh, a wind that passes away. Kā'ili 'ia aku ke ea o Aberahama (Kin. 25.8), Abraham gave up the ghost; lit., the breath of life was snatched away. 3. To rise, go up, raise, become erect. Cf. aea, e'ea, hō'ea. Kai ea (Kep. 183), rising sea. Ua ea kona po'o, his head was raised. Ke ea 'ana o ka 'ai, ka i'a (Kep. 97) the obtaining of poi, fish. 'A'ole ho'i au e ea maluna o ko'u wahi moe (Hal. 132.3), I will not go up into my bed. 4. To smell. Intrans. Also called 'ea. Cf. maea, maeaea. Ea 'ino'ino, ea pilau, evil-smelling, rotten-smelling.
- *'E'eka. Same as 'Eka, a wind.
- *'Ehu-kai. Name of a wind of Hālawā, Moloka'i. (For. 5:103)

- *'eka. 1. Dirty;foul;filth,dirt. Kaha 'eka, foul spot (poor soil). Ua ho'oleilei na wai ona i ka wai 'eka (Isa. 57.20), whose waters cast up mire. hō'eka. To soil, make dirty. 2. (Cap.) Name of a wind a Kona, Hawai'i. Ka makani kūkulu pe'a nui, he 'Eka, the 'Eka wind, that sets up big sails (good for fishing). He 'Eka, ka makani ho'olale wa'a o na Kona, the 'Eka breeze calls forth the canoes of the Kona districts (good fishing). 3. A variety of banana. (HP 173.) 4. acre. Eng.
- *'eke'eke. 1. Small bag or sack, pocket, purse, scrotum. 2. Redup. of 'eke, 2; fussy, over-exacting, cranky. 3. A herringbone design, as in mat plaiting or in the pāpale 'ie. 4. (Cap.) Name of a wind of the island of Ka'ula. (For. 5:99.)
- 'ena makanai. 1. Stormy wind. Mahina 'ino kēia, ke kau nei ka 'ena makani, this is a stormy month that wind furies come. 2. Windmill. Rare.

H

- hane.** 1. Ghostly, soft, and indistinct sounding. Cf. 'uhane. Mehe leo no ka hinihini, ka pā hane i ke ahe mālie (chant for Kalākaua), like the voice of the hinihini, a land shell, wafted faintly in the gentle breeze. 2. To give life and spirit. Rare. 'O ka hua a Kama i hane, na lani ka hua (For. 6:412), the fruit of Kama was given life, the high chiefs were the fruits.
- hao. 1. Iron; a bit; brand, as on a horse. Cf. hao kuni. Mea hao, hardware. 2. All native species of a genus of small trees (Rauvolfia), related to the maile and the hōlei. Four or five narrow leaves are borne together at joints of branches; many small, yellowish flowers develop, and then small, black, flattened, twinned, inverted, heart-shaped fruits. (Neal 603). 3. To scoop or pick up; to grasp, pillage, plunder; robber. 4. To come with force, as wind or rain; to do with force or energy; to add. Hao mai i ka pu'upu'u, deliver a blow of the fist. Hao maila ka mana (For. 5:237), power was in full force. Hao mai na koa Amelika! On come the American soldiers! Hao mai ka ua nui, the great rain pours in. Hao mai ka makani, kuakea ka moana; hao mai ke kai, ku ke ko'a i uka, the wind blows, the sea is white-backed; the sea rises and the coral is washed ashore (anger). 5. Same as mai'a-'oa, a variety of banana.
- hau. A lowland tree (Hibiscus tillicaceus), found in many warm countries, some spreading horizontally over the ground forming impenetrable thickets, and some trained on trellises. the leaves are round and heart-shaped, the flowers cup-shaped, with five large petals that change through the day from yellow to dull-red. Formerly the light, tough wood served for the outriggers of canoes, the bast for rope, the sap and flowers for medicine. (Neal 491.) Of the two

varieties of hau, a rare erect one (hau oheohe) was grown for its bast and a creeping one (hau) was planted for windbreaks. (HP 196.) See 'au hau. (PPN fau, PMP baRu) 2. Cool, iced; ice, frost, dew, snow; a cool breeze; to blow, of a cool breeze. Cf. kēhau. Wai hua'ai hau, iced fruit punch. Hau-o-Ma'ihi (Name of a wind at Kona), cool wind of Ma'ihi. 3. Same as hahau, 1; to hit, smite, beat, tap. 4. Same as hahau, 2; to lay before; to offer, as a sacrifice or prayer. 5. A soft porous stone, as used for polishing calabashes. Obs. 6. Mother-of-pearl shell. Obs.

ha'u. To snort (Ier. 8.16), bray, puff; to chatter. as the teeth; to choke with sobs. Ha'u ka waha, to puff for breath. Ha'u ka waha i ka makani, to puff to the wind (of one who scolds). 'O Kona i ka paka 'ona, ke ha'u iho 'oe, kūnewanewa, Kona with the intoxicating tobacco, a draw and you stagger (a Kona lover is not forgotten). He hoki hihū ... e ha'u ana i ka makani (Ier. 2.24) a wild ass, ... that snuffeth up the wind.

*Haunone. Name of a cold wind.

hau'oki. 1. Chilled to the bone, stiff with cold; frost, ice, cold; icy wind. 2. A medicine made of hau bark for women in labor.

*Hau-o-Ma'ihi. Name of a wind at Kona.

hē. 1. Grave. Ka 'eho no ka hē o Rahela (Kin. 35.20), the pillar for Rachel's grave. 2. General name for caterpillar. Cf. 'anuhe, kāhē. 3. To scrape, rub, polish. 4. Short for hele, to go or come, as when calling welcome. Hē mai, eia no mākou, come here, here we are. 5. Swish, as of a whip; murmuring sound of wind or running water; to swish, sough. Ka hē o ka makani, the swish of the wind. 6. Upper part of a crab's leg. Obs. 7. Poi from the center or core of taro, formerly reserved for chiefs, as it had not come into contact with dirt. (Kep. 165.) Obs. 8. Edges of the mouth of the square uhu (parrot fish) net. Obs. 9. Dividing line between lands. Obs. 10. Hollow container in which canoe paint was mixed. Obs. 11. The letter "h" Eng.

*-heū. (With ho'o-) ho'oheū. (a) To bleach. (b) (Cap.) Name of a strong wind threatening to be a gale.

hihio. Soft whistling sound, gust or draft of wind.

hilikua. To lash against, whip. Makani hilikua 'e'ena na pali (song), wind lashing furiously against the cliffs.

hina. 1. To fall over or from an upright position (cf. hā'ule, to drop); to fall morally; to throw down (a loa'a-type word; see Gram. 4.5). 'A'ole na'e he hina 'o ke kanaka o Kā-kuhihewa i na kaikua'ana o Kawelo (For. 5:5), but the older brothers of Kawelo did not throw Kā-kuhihewa's man. ho'ohina. To throw, cause to fall; to lean over. Ho'ohina ihola ka daimonio iāia (Luk. 4.35) the devil threw him. 2. Italics, probably so called because italics slant. 3. To blow in a straight course, as of wind. Ke hina maila ka makani mai uka mai, the wind is now blowing steadily from

hio. 'A sweep or gust of wind; to blow in gusts. 2. Inside corners of a house, said to so named because ghosts came whistling in at the corners. Hio kala (For. 5:291), inside angle of gables. 3. To break wind silently. Cf. pūhi'u.

hiohio. 1. To whistle softly; to blow softly; to draw in the breath, as of one eating hot food. 2. Gibberish; to jabber. See hiohio haole. 3. Lure for trolling, said to named for its whistling sound tripping over the water.

hoehoene. 1. Redup. of hoene, 1. Kai hoehoene i na pali (chant), sea singing softly to the cliffs. 2. To pierce the ear lobes with acid. (AP.)

hoene. 1. A soft sweet sound, as of song; to sound softly, rustle, sough, as the wind. 2. Var. of 'owā, 5. Mākahi hoene, a net mesh somewhat larger than the width of a finger. 3. To use a douche or enema; enema, medicine, injection, abortion. Na hoene wai 'akika ho'omake 'ano'ano puponika, acid solution for killing bubonic germs.

holomakani. Breezy, airy. Lit., wind running.

*Holo-po'opo'o. Wind famous at Waipi'o, Hawai'i. Lit., running in the hollows.

holouka. Draft, air current, as in the mountains. Obs.

hono-makani. Windbreak. Obs.

hū. 1. To rise or swell, as yeast or souring poi; to ferment, overflow (Isa. 8.7), percolate, effervesce, boil over; to surge or rise to the surface, as emotion; rising, swelling; outburst, overflow, Perena hū 'ole, unleavened bread. Hū ka 'aka, to burst into laughter. Inā hū aku hou kou 'uhane i ka po'e pōloli (Isa. 58.10), if your soul has compassion for the hungry people. Hū mai ke aloha no ka 'āina, love for the homeland swells forth. He hu wale mehe wai la (Kin. 49.4), unstable, as water. ho'ohū. (a) To leaven, cause to rise, swell, overflow. (Hal. 45.1) (b) Yeast, baking powder leaven. 2. To roar, grunt, hum. Hū ka makani, the wind whistles or roars (of things going at great speed). Hū wawā ka din roaring in the forest (gossip). 3. A spinning top. Kaula hū, cord used to spin a top. Ho'oniniu i ka hū, to spin a top. 4. To depart from the proper course, miss the way. Hū a pua'a off the couse like a pig (of one who does not follow a straight and narrow path, as as of a drunk). ho'ohū. To cause someone to deviate from the path; to shoo, drive away. 5. Gum, as of the 'ōlapa tree. 6. A class of commoners. E ka hū, e ka maka'ainana, aloha 'oukou (chant by Kamāmalu), O commoners, O citizenry, farewell to you. 7. Var. of hui, to unite, join. E Lono, e hū'ia mai ka lani me ka honua (prayer), O Lono, join heaven and earth.

*Huehu. Name of a strong northwesterly wind of the winter months. Also called Kiu-inu-wai and Mālua-ki'i-wai. 2. (Not cap.) Chilled, benumbed, as of one shivering in this wind.

*Huli-alo-pali. Name of a wind at Lahaina, Maui. Lit., turn to the face of the cliff.

huli lua. To turn in two directions; to shift, as the wind; unstable. shifting. Na pali huli lua, cliffs facing each other. Mehe makani huli lua la, huli ka mana'o, like a shifting wind, the mind changes.

I

***I'a-iki**. Name of a wind at Wailuku, Maui, and Ho'olehua, Moloka'i (For. 5:101) and at Hāna, Maui. Lit., little fish.

*Ihu-anu. 1. Name of a wind blowing down from the uplands of Kawela, O'ahu. Lit., cold nose. 2. (Not cap.) Name of an odiferous tree or shrub.

*'Imi-hau. Name of a stormy wind at Lahaina, Maui. Lit., dew-seeker.

'iniki. To pinch or nip; sharp and pierce, as wind or pangs of love. Cf. 'ini'iniki, 'inikiniki. 'Iniki welawela, a sharp pinch.

'Inikiniki. (sometimes pronounced 'Inisinisi in songs). Same 'ini'iniki. Makani houhou 'ili, 'inikiniki mālie (song), wind that pierces the skin, a gentle pang.

*Inu-wai. Name of a sea breeze. Lit., water drinking. Hao ka Inu-wai, malo'o ka lau lā'au, the Inu-wai blows, the tree leaves wither (of pillage).

K

ka'a mea. To change, as the wind or an idea. Obs.

kā'ao. 1. Ripe, of pandanus fruit; ripe pandanus. Cf. puhalu, 1.
2. To blow in gusts or spurts with frequent lulls. (AP.)

*Ka'e'ele. Rare var. of Ka'ele, 2, a wind.

*ka'ele. 1. Empty and hollow, as of a bowl, poi board, drum, canoe hull; hull; inside bottom as of a calabash or poi board. Also 'ele. Ka'ele papa, dug-in poi board. Iwi ka'ele, keel. Mehe ka'ele papa la Hilo, i lalo ka noho, ka'ele wale Hilo i ke ālai 'ia e ka ua (UL 60), like a poi board Hilo, dwelling below, darkened Hilo by the blocking rain. 2. (Cap.) Name of a wind of Ka-lelewa'a, Moloka'i. (For. 5:101.)

kaiāulu.1. Community, neighborhood, village. 'Oia no kekahi o na kanaka waiwai nui a kū'ono'ono ma ia mau kaiāulu, he was one of the wealthiest and most prosperous persons of these communities. 2. (Cap.) Name of a pleasant, gentle, trade-wind breeze, famous in song, at Wai'anae, O'ahu. 'Olu'olu i ka pā a ke Kaiāulu (song) cool with the touch of the Kaiāulu.

*Kākea. Name of a stormy wind. He Kākea ka makani kulakula'i kauhale o Mānoa, (saying) the Kākea wind that pushes over the houses of Mānoa (said of one who is excessively aggressive).

kālewa.1. To move from place to place; to float or move with the wind, as clouds; to swing; to peddle (formerly of goods carried swinging on a carrying pole); to lie off, as a ship; unsettled, swinging, hanging, flying; lying off, as a ship. 'Aho kālewa, trolling line. Kālewa mauka o Miki-lua, (song), (mist) drifting by the uplands of Miki-lua. 2. Place near the luakini, temple where the ruling chief and a few others stood apart from the multitude.

kālewlewa. Redup. of kālewa.

kāluhe. To droop, bend, vibrate as a leaf in the wind; to ogle, bend and twist, as a coquettish woman; to act the coquette. Cf. luhe, to droop. ho'okāluhe. To pretend to droop, flirt, etc.; to cause drooping.

kālu'u. To sweep and swerve, as a wind gust. Pōhina luna i ke ao makani kālu'u, gray above from the clouds swept by the wind.

karioenoe. To blow, of the tradewind. (And.)

*kaomi. 1. To press down, squeeze with downward pressure; to massage by pressing firmly with the back of the palm of the hand; to suppress, as a thought, emotion. ho'okaomi. To add pressure, to feign pressing. 2. (Cap.) Northeast trade wind (in some localities).

*kāpae. 1. To set aside, turn aside, deviate from, lay aside, delete, spare, stow away, cancel, be perverted from; to disqualify, suspend. Noho kāpae, to live together secretly, of man and woman. See also noho kāpae. E kāpae a'e 'oe i kou mana'o huhū, put away your angry thoughts. Ua kāpae 'oia i ka 'ōlelo a ka makua, he disobeyed his parent's teaching. 'A'ole e kāpae nei lā'au iā 'oe (For. 5:55), this club will not spare you. Kāpae i ka ihe, set the spear down (do not fight any more, declare a truce); throw a spear so that it will not strike a target, especially if the warrior wants to spare his foe's life. See Malo 203. ho'okāpae. To cause to turn off, push aside. 2. (Cap.) Name of a trade wind at Puna, Hawai'i. (PH 202.)

kapalili. Palpitating, as in fear or joy; trembling, throbbing; waving; quivering, as a leaf in the wind; trilling, as r's in some languages. Lohe aku au i ka uwē kapalili, I heard a terrified, quivering shriek.

kauaheahe. 1. To look or move straight; to gaze. He aha kēia au e kauaheahe nei? What are you gazing at? Kauaheahe ka holo 'ana o kahi ka'a o mākou, our car went straight on and on. Lele kauaheahe i luna loa, to fly on and on, way far up. ho'okauaheahe. To hover; to fly softly, gently, continuously, at the same speed. 2. Gentle, as a breeze; light. Ka'ao kauaheahe, light story. 3. A variety of sweet potato.

*Kaua'ula. 1. A strong, furious mountain wind, often destructive at Lahaina. Ke kukui pio 'ole i ke Kaua'ula, the light which the Kaua'ula can not blow out (said of Lahaina-luna School). 2. (Not cap.) Kind of soft, porous stone used for polishing and smoothing and as a sinker for squid lure.

*Ka'ula. 1. Name of an islet off Ni'ihau. See puaea for example. 2. Name of a wind of Pōhakuloa, Maui. (For. 5:101.) 3. (Not cap.) A sea bird.

kaumuku. 1. Too short; shrinking away, as in distaste. 'E'eke ka pi'i pali o Mauna-hina, kaumuku, 'e'eke'i i ka wai o ka liko (chant for Kuakini), the climber of Maunahina cliff shrinks from the moisture of the leaf buds. 2. Wind squall.

kāwelowelo. To flutter, whip, as a flag in the wind.

-kāwōwō. (With ho'o-) ho'okāwōwō. To roar, as a wind or a waterfall. Cf. wōwō, to roar.

*kēhau. 1. Dew, mist, dewdrop. 2. (Cap.) Name of gentle land breeze, as of West Hawai'i.

*kēpia. 1. Dandruff. 2. (Cap.) Name of a wind.

*Kīhae-lā'ī. Breeze at Pu'u'ōhua on the Hāmākua side of Hilo. Lit., to shred ti leaves.

kīkīao. Sudden wind gust, squall. Fig. sudden burst of passion.

kīlepa. 1. To float in the wind, to flutter, flap, flip. Cf. lepa, flag. ho'okīlepa. Causative/simulative. 2. Irregular, uneven, of varying lengths. 3. Rooster comb, wattle.

kīlepalepa. Redup. of kīlepa.; streamer, banner, tassel.

*kili'o'opu. 1. Some small cosmopolitan weeds, grasslike sedges, as nut grass (Cyperus rotundus); also the two others (C. kyllingia and C. brevifolius); the flower stalk with head is used for stringing small fish. (Neal 77, 78.) See manu-nēnē. 2. (Cap.) Name of a wind.

*kili'opu. 1. Absorbed in an interesting, happy pasttime, as love-making. contented. Ua kili'opu māua i ka pō nei what pleasure was love-making for the two of us last night. 2. Graceful, as in running, jumping. 3. (Cap.) Var. of Kili'o'opu, a wind. 4. Same as lele 'opu, to dive.

*Kili-poe. Name of a wind.

ki'o-wao. Cool mountain rain accompanied by wind and fog.

- *Kīpu'upu'u. 1. Name of a chilly wind and rain at Waimea, Hawai'i. Hole Waimea i ka ihe a ka makani, hao mai na 'ale a ke Kīpu'upu'u, (name song for Kamehameha I), Waimea is rasped by the blowing of the wind, billows of the Kīpu'upu'u wind ravage. Ku i ke Kīpu'upu'u, buffeted by the Kīpu'upu'u (of hurt feelings). 2. Name of a company of warriors from Waimea in Kamehameha I's time, named for the wind.
- *kiu. 1. Spy; to spy, observe secretly. Cf. ho'omakākiu. Māka'i kiu, detective. 'Oihana kiu, secret service. 2. (Cap.) Name of a strong, moderately cold northwesterly wind, known as Mālua, Mālua-ki'i-wai, and Ho'olua, in some localities. 3. (Cap.) Jew; Jewish. Eng.
- *Kiu-inu-wai. Name of a wind from the mountains, stronger and cooler than the Kēhau. Lit., water-drinking Kiu. Also called Huehu.
- *Kiu-kai-nui. Name of a wind at Ko'olau, Kaua'i. (For. 5:97)
- *Kiu-ke'e. Name of a wind of Nāwiliwili, Kaua'i.
- *Kiu-wai-lehua. Name of a cold wind. Lit., Kiu of the lehua honey. Ku'u hoa pili i ke anu o Kiu-wai-lehua (For. 6:424), my close companion of the cold Kiu-lehua-honey wind.
- *koa. 1. Brave, bold, fearless, valiant; bravery. Cf. ho'onakoa. ho'okoa. Brave; to cause bravery. 2. Soldier, warrior; martial. Kanāwai koa, martial law. ho'okoa. To act as the soldier; to cause to be a soldier. 3. The largest of native forest trees (Acacia koa), with light-gray bark, crescent-shaped leaves, and white flowers in small, round heads. A legume with fine, red wood, a valuable lumber tree, formerly used for canoes, surfboards, calabashes, now for furniture and ukuleles. A small koa was sometimes added to the hula altar to Laka, goddess of the hula, to make the dancer fearless. The name koa may be qualified by the terms kā, ku-makua, ku-mauna. E ola koa, live like the koa tree (i.e. long). PPN toa, PMP teRas.) 4. (Cap.) Name of a wind at Malei, Moloka'i. (For. 5:103.)
- kōahehe. Blowing gently as the wind. Cf. kōaniani.
- koani. 1. Same as koali. 2. Same as kōaniani.
- kōaniani. To waft, as a soft cooling; to make a breeze with a fan; cooled by a breeze. Cf. kōahehe.
- kohai. To sway in the breeze, as a tree. Obs.
- *Koholā-lele. Name of a wind blowing from east to west, also called Kiu and Koholā-pehu. Lit., leaping whale.

- *koholā-pehu. 1. A native shrub in the composite family (Railliardia latifolia) with long branches, opposite elliptical, pointed leaves, and small flower heads in large panicles. 2. (Cap.) Var. of Koholā-lele.
- *Koi-pali. Name of a wind at Hālawā, Moloka'i. (For. 5:103.)
- kokololio. Sharp, swift wind gust; rapid flowing water; drafty; to blow in gusts.
- kokolonahe. Redup. of kolonahe.
- kokolowini. Sharp, penetrating, of wind. He makani kokolowini ka i hiki mai i ka pō nei, a swift, penetrating wind gust came in last night.
- *Kolo-'āpu'upu'u. Name of a wind usually accompanied by rain, common at Waimea, Hawai'i. Lit., rough creep.
- kololio. Same as kokololio, gust. ho'okololio. Causative/simulative.
- kolonahe. Gentle, pleasant breeze; gentle, mild; softly blowing. Lit., gentle creeping.
- *Kona. 1. Leeward sides of the Hawaiian Islands. 2. Name of a leeward wind; to blow, of this wind. 3. Name of a star. 4. (Not cap.) Also tona. tona Eng. Also kana. 5. (Not cap.) His, hers, its (o-form possessive; see Gram. 8.4).
- konāhau. Cold, damp, penetrating, of wind.
- *Kona-hea. Name of a cold Kona storm. (Malo 14.)
- *Kona-hili-mai'a. Name of a Kona wind with protracted rains. (Malo 14.)
- *Kona-ku. Name of a Kona wind with heavy rain. (Malo 14.)
- *Kona-mae. Name of a cold Kona wind. (Malo 14.) Lit., withering Kona.
- *Kona-moe. Name of a cold Kona wind and rain.
- *Kona-nui-a-niho. Name of a strong Kona storm. Lit., great Kona that bites with teeth.
- *Ko'olau-wahine. Breeze blowing from the north if Ni'ihau. Lit., feminine windward.
- kualau. Shower accompanied by sea wind. (UL 258.) 'Auhea wale 'oe, e ka ua nū hele ma ka moana (chant). listen O kualau shower, rain moaning over the open sea.
- *kuamū. 1. A variety of taro. Also called kua-papa. 2. (Cap.) Name of a wind accompanied by heavy rain (PH 166.) 3. (Cap.) Name of a goddess. 4. A tapa used in sorcery ceremonies.

kuehu. To shake, stirup, as dust; to toss up, as spray; to brandish, wave; to clear of weeds; to drive off, especially evil spirits (tapa or ti leaves were torn into strips, blessed, and passed over a patient in order to exorcise spirits). Cf. ehu, spray. 'O Ka'ū i ka makani, ka makani kuehu lepo (song), Ka'ū in the wind, the dust-raising wind. 'O ka pali o Kiki-'ōpua i Ho'omalele, e lele ana na momoku kuehu pali (For. 6:472), at the cliffs of Kiki-'ōpua at Ho'omalele, firebrands leap spraying over cliffs.

kūehuehu. Redup. of kuehu.

*Kuehu-kai. Name of a wind at Miloli'i, Kaua'i. (For. 5:95.)

*Kuehu-lepo. Name of a wind at Na'alehu, Ka'ū. (For. 5:93.) Lit., dust-scatterer.

kūhewa. Sudden attack, stroke, as of heart failure; apoplexy; sudden wind gust; suddenly attacked by a stroke; hit without warning or in error. Maka'u kūhewa, sudden fear, panic. Pilikia kūhewa, sudden trouble, emergency.

*Ku'i-a-manini. Name of a wind at Weliweli, Kaua'i. (For. 5:97.)

*Kui-lehua. Name of a breeze blowing from the northwest of Ni'ihau.

kūlele. To scatter as does the wind. Kūlele ke ehu kai i ka makani, the sea spray is scattered by the wind. Kūlele 'ula ke ehu wai, the red tossing spray.

kūlepe. 1. Split open from head to tail, as fish prepared for drying and salting; to split thus. 2. To flap, flutter; strong, of of wind. Kūlepe na pepa i ka makani, the papers are flipped about by the wind. Mai kūlepe i ka'u hana, don't muss up my work. 3. Harelip. (Less common than 'ūlepe.)

kūlepelepe. Redup. of kūlepe.

*Kūlōlō. Name of a wind at Hāmākua, Maui. (Probably a contraction of ku kololio, gusty state.)

kūmakani. 1. Windbreak; wind-resisting. 2. Same as 'a'ali'i, a shrub or tree.

*ku-ma-kua. 1. Same as 'āhihi, 2, a lehua bush. 2. (Cap.) Name of a strong wind.

*Kumu-ma'oma'o. Easterly wind on O'ahu.

kūpani. Wind-blown, as of clothes against the body.

kūpapaūla. To stand facing the wind, as a house; exposed to the wind. Obs.

kūpiki'ō. Agitated, raging, as wind or storm. Fig., mentally disturbed.

*Ku'uanu. Name of a wind at Kalāheo, Kaua'i. (For. 5:97.)

ku'uwelu. To hang loose, dangle, as a string; to float in the wind, flutter, swing; to fall as ripened fruit; fringed; tassel.
Kihei ku'uwelu.

ku'uweluwelu. Redup. of ku'uwelu.

L

la'i. Calm, stillness, quiet, as of sea, sky, wind; peace, contentment; quiet, silent, peaceful, contented. Cf. la'e. Pō la'i, 'ihi'ihi e, silent night, holy. ho'ola'i. To cause to be still; to poise aloft, as a bird; to quiet, as a mob; to cease talking, (For. 5:299); calm; peaceful, quiet.

*Lani-ku'u-wa'a. Wind of Kalalau, Kaua'i. (For. 5:95.) Lit., heaven releasing canoe.

*lapa. 1. Ridge, steep side of a ravine; ridged. Cf. kualapa. ho'olapa. To form a ridge; ridge. 2. Over-active, energetic, mischievous; gambolling and cavorting, as a young animal. Cf. 'ālapa 'ōlapa. Ka pūhi lapa i ke ale, eel playing in the hollows. Lapa kai, restless, active sea. ho'olapa. (a) To rise up; to boil; to swell, as a blister; to spread or blaze, as fire or volcanic eruption; to excite or flare, as with passion; to animate; to cook by boiling. Ho'olapa ka 'ōpū, a disturbed stomach. Ua wala kī'aha paha, ke ho'olapa mai nei, the glass is tilted back perhaps, getting active. (b) (Cap.) Wind famous at Ka'ū, Hawai'i. 3. Bamboo liners, for tapa printing. 4. Orifice of the womb. Also called lapa pū'ao. 5. Clot, as of blood. 6. A variety of sweet potato. 7. A variety of taro. 8. Male mahimahi fish.

laumāewa. To sway with the movement of the wind, as leaves, to move to and fro, as algae in the sea; blown here and there, as sea spray

*lawakua. 1. Strong-backed, muscular, of strong physique, bulging with muscles. For example see konapiliahi. 2. To bind or tie fast, as on the back. Fig., to be a dear friend or companion. (PH 218.) Ua lawakua i ko aloha (dirge), bound to your love. 3. (Cap.) Name of a mountain wind on Kaua'i. For example, see noiele. 4. Name of a hold in lua fighting.

*lehua. 1. The flower of the 'ōhia tree (Metrosideros macropus, M. col-lina); also the tree itself; the lehua is the flower of the island of Hawai'i, famous in song and tale. Fig., a warrior, a beloved friend or relative, a sweetheart, an expert. The plant has many forms, from tall trees, to low shrubs, leaves round to narrow and blunt or pointed and smooth or woolly. The flowers are red, rarely salmon, pink, yellow, or white. The wood is good for flooring and furniture, formerly used for images, spears, mallets. (Neal 561.) Ku ma ka lehua, ceremonial hanging of offering, as of banana, pig, or man, to impart mana to an 'ōhi'a-lehua tree, especially one that is to be made into a temple image. 2. Laden, as a lehua tree with beautiful blossoms. Ke hele la ka papa 'aima a ua ali'i nei a lehua, the feast table of this afore-mentioned chief was beautifully supplied. 3. Rainbow-colored mother-of-pearl shell used for fishing lure. 4. A variety of taro, used for red poi. 5. Globe amaranth (Gomphrena globosa). Also called lehua-mau-loa, lei-hua. 6. A variety of yam; the stem has red wings and the tuber has light pinkish flesh. (HP 168.) 7. (Cap.) Name of the small island beyond Ni'ihau. A breeze is named for this island. 8. Passive/imperative of lehu, 1.

lele. 1. To fly, jump, leap, hop, swing, bounce, burst forth; to sail through the air, as a meteor; to rush out, as to attack; to get out of, as from a car, to land, disembark, as from a canoe; to undertake; to move, as stars in the sky; to move, as in checkers; a jump, leap, attack. Cf. ha'alele, hauli. Mea lele, flyer, navigator. Kanaka lele, angel (old name). Lele maila iā uwē (For. 5:23), tears poured forth. Ua lele ka hanu o Moa, Moa's breath has departed (he has died). I newa no iā 'oe i ka lele mua, it is your fault for attacking first. 'Amama, ua noa, lele wale, (For. 5:413), finished, free of taboo, fly on (of the taboo and prayer). ho'olele. To cause to fly; to fly, as a kite: to disembark; to embark, as on a project; to palpitate, as the heart; to enlarge or project, as pictures. Trans. Cf. hauli. Ho'olele leo, radio broadcast, ventriloquism, ventriloquist. Ho'olele hua kēpau, to set type. Ki'i ho'olele, enlargement of a picture. Mea ho'olele leo, microphone. Mea ho'olele ki'i, picture projector. E ho'olele mai i na kanaka, disembark the people. 2. Contagious, as of disease. 3. Wind-blown, of the rain. Cf. leleaka, lele ua. Ua lele ku'i lua, hard-beating wind-blown rain. Ua lele uli, gloomy or heavy wind-blown rain. 4. Separate, detached, as a leaf separated from a plant for ceremonials. 5. A detached part or lot of land belonging to one 'ili, but located in another 'ili. 6. Hula step: the dancer walks forward, lifting up the rear heel with each step, with slight inward movement; sometimes with the 'uwehe step with each foot forward. This can also be done backwards. 7. An interval of music, always followed by a number from one to seven, especially lele kolu, an interval of a third, as from C to E, or lele lima, an interval of a fifth. Minor intervals are followed by hapa, as lele kolu hapa, an interval of a minor third. Lele may also be followed by pa- and a number, to skip that number of notes. Lele in this sense also occurs as a verb, to sing thus. 8. To dry up, of the breasts; to have passed the menopause. Ua lele ka waiū o Loika, Lois' breasts have

ceased to contain milk. 9. To shrink, as clothes. 10. Sacrificial altar or stand. 11. A tall variety of wild banana (Musa sapientum), formerly planted near the altar (lele). It was offered to the gods and used for love magic. Its essence was thought to fly (lele) to the gods. It was used for weaning (cf. lele, 8): the banana was placed near the child with appropriate prayers in order to obtain the god's consent for weaning. 12. Type of fish (no data). (KL line 161.)

leleaka, leleleaka. Light wind-blown rain or mist. Obs.

lelehuna, lelehune. Fine wind-blown rain spray, dust, mist; to fall as fine rain.

*Lele-ku'i-lua. Name of a strong, wintry wind.

lele ua. Wind-blown rain.

*Lele-uli. Name of gusty, wintry wind.

*lili-lehua. 1. The Texas sage. (Salvia coccinea), a weedy herb from So southern United States, one foot high or more, with toothed, ovate leaves and red inch-long flowers borne in long narrow clusters (Neal 648.) 2. (Cap.) Name of a wind and rain famous at Pālolo, O'ahu, and Waiehu, Maui. 3. A variety of taro (no data):

limu. 1. A general name for all kinds of plants living under water, both fresh and salt, also algae growing in any damp place in the air, as on the ground, on rocks, and on other plants; also mosses, liverworts, lichens. (PPN limu, PMP limut.) 2. Tricky, deceiving, unstable (said to be named for the octopus' ability to change its color, and its waving of a tentacle to and fro like the motion of seaweed in water). 3. Wind gust. Obs. 4. Coil, curl. Obs. 5. Soft coral.

loku. Downpour of rain; blowing of wind; to pour, of rain; to blow, as a gale. Fig., to feel deep emotion, pain, sorrow; to weep profusely; intense. Ka ua loku, the pouring rain. Ke aloha loku i ka pu'uwai, love surging in the heart. Ke loku nei ka makani, the wind is blowing in a gale. ho'oloku. To pour, as rain; to disturb; agitated.

*-lua. 1. (With ho'o-) ho'olua. (a) Strong, muscular, rough. (b) (Cap.) Name of a strong north wind, famous in song. (For. 5.27.) Ho'olua nui, big Ho'olua wind; fig., to talk loudly and to no purpose. 2. Dual number, only in pronouns and possessives 'olua kāua, māua.

luaiele. 1. To live a dissipated life, reckless of health, to dissipate. Luaiete wale iho no i 'o a i 'ane'i, going here and there (as a fickle lover). 2. Swaying. Nani ka 'ōiwi o ka lā'au i ka luaiele 'ia e ka makani, beautiful the body of the tree swayed by the wind (some are handsome even in adversity or dissipation).

*Lū-hau-pua. A wind of Ola'a, Hawai'i.

*Lū-pua. Name of a wind.

M

***Ma'a'a**. Name of a famous wind on Maui.

* Ma'a'a-kua-lapu. Wind at Kahalu'u, Hawai'i.

*Ma'a'a-pa'imalau. Wind name. Lit., Portugese man-of-war Ma'a'a.

māniani. 1. Gentle blowing of the wind. Fig., tranquility. 2. Var. spelling of māniani.

māewa. Swaying, swinging, as something with an anchored base, as seaweed hair, leaves; fluttering; wandering, unstable. Māewa lani, swinging in the air. I hea 'oe i hele māewa aku nei? Where did you go wandering?

māewaewa. Redup. of māewa. Hulu māewaewa, fluttering feathers.

makani. 1. Wind, breeze; gas in the stomach, flatulent wind; to blow. Fig., anger; to show anger. Cf. ani. Hāmau o makani auane'i, be still or there'll be anger. (PPN matangi, PMP angin.) 2. Ghost, spirit. Kahuna makani, priest possessed by the spirit called makani. 3. Call of sentinel, similar to "all's well."

*Makani-hānai-loli. Name of a gentle wind; it is said to permit loli to come out of their holes and feed. (UL 207.) Lit., wind that feeds sea slug.

makani hau none. Ice-cold mountain wind. Lit., icy, annoying wind.

makani holo 'ūhā. Cold wind. Lit., wind running (over) thighs. (PH 187.)

makani ka'a wiliwili. Tornado. Lit., wind revolving and twisting.

makani ku honua. Sudden strong wind. Lit., wind arriving suddenly.

makani noho. Spirit that possesses a medium and speaks through him. Lit., spirit that takes possession.

makani 'olu'olu. Favorable or fair wind, refreshing breeze.

*Malailua. 1. Name of a strong, blustering wind at Nu'uaniu; to blow; of this wind. 2. (Not cap.) Hornless goat or cow (said to be named for a particular goat at Kona, Hawai'i). (AP.)

*Malanai. Name of a gentle breeze.

*mālua.1. Net mesh large enough to admit the entrance of two fingers; a net of such mesh; two-ply. Cf. mākahi. 2. (Cap.) Sea breeze, famous in song. 3. Depression or cavity of any size. (AP.)

*Mālua-hele. Wind, well known on Kaua'i, said to blow from the north-west. Lit., traveling Mālua.

*Mālua-kele. Trade wind, as on north Kaua'i. Lit., damp Mālua.

*Mālua-ki'i-wai. Sea breeze accompanied by showers, known at Hilo. Also Mālualua-ki'i-wai. Lit., Mālua fetching water. Also called Huehu. Mālua-ki'i-wai ke aloha, ho'opulu i ka liko māmāne (song), greetings to the water-fetching Mālua breeze, bringing moisture to the māmāne buds.

*mālualua.1. Rough, bumpy, uneven, full of ruts or puddles. Cf. lua, hole. 2. (Cap.) North wind, known at Maui and O'ahu. For example see pāhili.

mananai. A pleasant breeze.

māpu. Fragrance, especially wind-blown fragrance; wafted; bubbling, splashing, as water; dipping, swooping. Fig., surging, as emotion. Ke māpu mai nei ke 'ala o ka maile, the fragrance of the maile floating in the breeze. Mapu mai kona aloha (PH 30), her love forth. 'O ka uahi māpu kea, white wafted smoke. 'O ka hinihini kani kua mauna, 'o ka māpu leo nui, kani kohākohā (PH 204), the land shell crying in the mountain ridge, loud voice carried in the wind, shrilly calling.

māpuana. Same as māpu. Onaona māpuana o ka loke, the soft wafted fragrance of the rose.

māpumāpu. Redup. and intensifier of māpu. ('O ka 'io lele māpumāpu (For. 6:381), the hawk that flies swooping.

*māunuunu.1. Redup. of maunu. 2. (Cap.) Name of a strong, blustery wind.

*mikioi. 1. Dainty and neat in craftsmanship, or in doing anything; excellently made, as result of workmanship. Mikioi ka hana 'ia 'ana o kēia pakaukau, this table is neatly and skillfully made. ho'omikioi. To do neatly; to work with skilled craftsmanship; to handle daintily. 2. (Cap.) Name of a strong, gusty wind. (UL 238.) Ka makani Mikioi o Lehua, the gusty Mikioi wind of Lehua Island. 3. A native variety of sugar cane. (HP 225.)

*Moa'e. Trade wind. Moa'e ku, strong Moa'e.

*Moa'e-Lehua. Trade wind.

*moani. Light or gentle breeze, usually associated with fragrance; wafted fragrance; to blow perfume; (Mele 1.12.) Moani ke 'ala o ka 'awapuhi, wind-blown is the ginger perfume. Moani lehua, wind-borne fragrance of lehua blooms; also said to be the name of a wind at Puna, Hawai'i.

*Moani-'ala. Name of a land breeze that wafts out to sea at Puna, Hawai'i. Lit., fragrant breeze, so named for the fragrance of pandanus.

moaniani. Redup. of moani.

*muku. 1. Cut short, shortened, amputated; at an end, ceased, anything cut off short; short, brief, quick (rare). Ua muku ko'u lole, my dress is shortened. He kanaka wāwae muku, a person with an amputated foot. Ho'ohuli muku a'ela na wa'a (For. 4:299), the canoes turned sharply. (PPN mutu, PMP puTul.) 2. A measure of length from fingertips of one hand to the elbow of the other arm, when both arms are extended to the side. 3. Broken section of a wave or crest. See lala, 1. 4. (Cap.) Same as Mumuku, a wind. 5. (Cap.) Thirtieth night of the moon, when it has entirely disappeared (muku). (Malo 35.) 6. Starboard ends of 'iako (outrigger booms), hence starboard side of the canoe.

*mumuku. 1. Redup. of muku, 1; amputated, maimed; premature, as a baby. Pau na pepeiao a mumuku (For. 5:417), all the ears were cut off. 2. (Cap.) Name of a strong wind at Kawaihae, Hawai'i.

N

nape. 1. Bending and swaying, as coconut fronds; surging, as the sea; to rise and fall, as the chest in breathing; yielding, springy. Cf. holunape. Nape ka hanu i ka houpo, palipitating the breath in the chest. Nani wale ke kai o Mamala, ke nape maila i ka makani, beautiful sea of Mamala, rising, falling in the wind. 2. Var. napo.

napenape. Redup. of nape, 1; fluttering, flickering.

nei. 1. To rumble, as an earthquake; sighing, souging as of the wind; indistinct sound as of distant shouting. For example see nakolo. Nei akula ka 'aha le'ale'a no kēia po'e wahine, no ke 'ano 'ē o ko lakou kapa (La'ie 491), the pleasure gathering was in uproar about the women and the strangeness of their tapa. ho'onei. Causative/simulative. 2. Same as kō'ele- 'ele, a seaweed; according to Reed, same as limu-uaua-loli. 3. This, here. Cf. ke (verb) nei. Hawai'i nei, this Hawai'i; Hawai'i here. Hele mai 'oe ma 'ane'i nei, come here, just right here. Mai hea mai nei 'oe? Where did you come from? 4. Last. I ka pō nei, last night. Kēlā pule aku nei, last week.

nihina. Same as nihī, 1, 2. Nihina ka hele a ka makani, the wind goes quietly.

niki. 1. Var. of 'iniki, to pinch. 2. Same as niki'i.

niniki. Redup. of niki, 1. Ka niniki makani o Kānehōa (chant), the wind piercing of Kānehōa.

*noe. 1. Mist, rain spray; to form a mist; rare name for a northeast trade wind; misty. Ua noe, misty rain. Noe ke 'ala o ka lehua, misty is the fragrance of the lehua. ho'onoe To form mist, vapor, fog. 2. To settle gently, as mist (poetic). Noe wale mai no ke aloha i ku'u lei a'u i haku ai, love alights like mist over the lei I have woven.

noiele. Shaken, beaten, as by the wind. I noiele, i ka 'iā e ka Lawakua, niua loloka'a ke po'e o Hanalei (chant), shaken, beaten by the Lawakua wind, the head of Hanalei (Valley) reels with dizziness.

nū. 1. To cough; to roar, as the wind; grunting, as of pigs; cooing, as of doves; patter, as of rain; groaning, deep sighing, moaning; mentally agitated, worried, grief-stricken. Ka ua nū hele ma ka moana, the rain coming pattering over the open sea. ho'onū. To moan, groan, sigh, hum, roar, etc. Ka ua 'awa'awa e ho'onū la i uka, the bitterly cold rain pattering in the uplands. 2. Short for nuku, beak. Rare. 3. The letter "n". 4. News. Eng. Nūhou, recent news. 5. Gnu. Eng.

nu'anua. Redup. of nu'a; large, soft, fleshy. Pā nu'anua, to blow strongly, as to make large sea waves. Nu'anua na lei i ka 'ā'i o ka malihini, the leis were piled about the neck of the visitor. ho'onu'anua. Redup. of ho'onua. 'Ula Kalaeloa i ka i ka lepo o ka makani, ho'onu'anua i ka lepo, (chant), Kalaeloa is red with the wind's dirt, encrusted with dirt.

O

'ōahehe. To blow gently, as a breeze. Cf. ahehe.

'oala. Var. spelling of 'owala.

'oālala. Var. spelling of 'owālaala.

'ōaniani. Very slight stir of air, a breeze; to blow slightly. He kai mehana no ke 'ōaniani makani 'ole (Kep. 101), it is a very warm sea when there is no breeze stirring.

'ōauau. To go faster. He 'ōwalala makani, he 'ōauau (Kep. 103), it's a rising wind, one blowing faster.

'oehu. To romp, gambol, prance, leap; blustery, gusty, as a storm or angry person; to head straight for, as a canoe. He pipi ōnū 'oe, pono 'ole i ka palau, 'oehu i ke kula a 'o Kaunamano (chant), a bucking cow are you, unsuited to the plow, prancing on the plain of Kaunamano.

- 'oehuehu. Redup. of 'oehu. He aha kēia 'oehuehu nei, pi'i 'ōkala o ka hulu (song), what is this disturbance, this bristling of the fur?
- 'ōhio. Gusty, windy; to let wind. Fig., uncertain, vague, flighty. Cf. hihio. 'O ka mea i ho'olālā 'ia, ke 'ōhio nei no, the plan is still vague.
- 'ōke'e. To veer, as the wind; to change, as direction; to eddy.
- *'Ō-lau-niu. Name of a wind. (For. 5:93). Fig., promiscuous. Lit., coconut-leaf piercing.
- olohio. To move quickly, as a gust of wind. Rare.
- *one hali. 1. Sand carried away by the sea. 2. (Cap.) Name of a Kaua'i wind.
- *'o'opu. 1. General name for fishes included in the families Eleotride and Goblidae; some are in salt water near the shore, others in fresh water, and some said to be in either fresh or salt water. 'O'opu 'ai lehua, poetic description of 'o'opu found in upland streams where lehua flowers dropped into the water; lit., lehua-eating 'o'opu. 2. (Cap.) Name of a wind at Waihe'e, Maui. (For. 5:101).
- 'ōpū makani. Bellows. Lit., wind belly..
- 'owālaala, 'oālala, 'owalala. To rise, as the wind; to occur, as a thought. He 'owālaala makani iki no (Kep. 103), a slight rising of the wind.
- 'owē, 'oē. Murmuring, rustling, soughing, whining, as of surf, leaves, water, wind, a bullet; to sound thus; sound of tearing, as of cloth; buzzing of insects. Ka 'owē nahenahe a ka wai, the soft murmur of the water. ho'owē. To cause such a sound.

P

- * **pa'alā**. 1. Smooth, water-worn 'alā rock. (For. 4:213.) 2. (Cap.) Name of a wind on Maui.
- *Pa'ala'a. Name of a wind. For example see ka'alani.
- pa'amua. 1. Gaseous condition of the bowels, to have such. Obs.
2. Dam, windbreak. Obs. 3. Steadfast in prayer for the welfare of the family, one so steadfast. Lit., held in the men's house.
- *Pahele-hala. Name of a wind.
- pāhili. To blow strongly, as a wind, especially of a veering; to lash, as a storm. Makani pāhili, strong wind, cyclone. Ka pāhili 'ia o ka 'ama'u e ka Malualua, the lashing of the 'ama'u fern by the Malualua wind. ho'opāhili. To cause such a wind; to blow, as such a wind, etc.

paio. To quarrel, fight; combat, argument, battle, struggle. Hoā paio, opponent, enemy. 'Ahahui paio, debating club. Ha'a na makani, pā e paio nei, paio i ke alo o makani pā lua (For:6299) moving low are the winds, striking as they contend there, blustering as they contend there, blustering before the strong-blowing winds.

*pakaiea. 1. Same as līpahapaha, sea lettuce. Ka'ū, Hawai'i. 2. Same as halāli'i, a variety of sugarcane; named for the seaweed. 3. A variety of taro. 4. (Cap.) Name of a wind at Wai'anae, O'ahu. 5. Name of a type of wave at Kaimū, Hawai'i. (For. 5:233,)

pā lala. To strike obliquely, as a wave or wind.

pā makani. To blow of the wind; wind-blown.

*papa. 1. Flat surface, stratum, layer, level, foundation, story of a building; class, rank, order, table, sheet, plate, shelf (rare); flat, level. Cf. ali'i papa, papa ali'i. Kui papa, to make overlap on a lei, as feathers. Helu papa, to recite in consecutive order. Ne'e papa, to move in rank. Noho papa, placed together in order by rank, system. Kūkū papa, to stand in ranks, as an army. ho'opapa. To place in rank or file; to put in order, to put in layers, overlay, as shingles; to make a shelf; to pack neatly. (PPN papa, PMP papak or papan.) 2. Native-born, especially for several generations. Noho papa, to dwell in a certain place for several generations. 3. Set close together, thick together, as of growing plants; in unison, all together. Cf. holopapa, kāpapa, ne'epapa, pāpapu. He kāhili papa.iki, a feather standard with small feathers. 4. Board, lumber; wooden. 5. A variety of kava. The name may be qualified by the colors 'ele'ele, kea. 6. Middle portion of a fishing net, a net. 7. (Cap.) Name of a wind on Maui. 8. Stone used as sinker for lūhe'e, octopus lure. (Malo 19.)

papaiaūlu. To blow, rise, as a breeze. Aia ka papaiaūlu makani ke ku maila, there is the breeze coming up over there.

peawini. Fair wind. Eng.

pehuea. To increase in volume, of wind. He makani pehuea ia no lalo (chant), this is a rising wind from the south.

poka'i, To go along, as wind-blown smoke. Obs.

polinahe. 1. Soft and gentle, as low music or a breeze. 2. Slim-waisted and broad-shouldered.

pōlua. 1. Dark, stormy. Ku'u hoopili i ka ua lani pōlua, my constant companion in the rains from the deep dark heavens. 2. Disturbances produced by conflicting currents, as of air, water, tides.

po'olopū. Blister. to billow out, as wind-filled clothes.

pua. 1. Flower, blossom. tassel and stem of sugar cane; to bloom, blossom. Pāpale pua, pāpale pua ko, hat made of stem of sugar cane. Pua ka wiliwili, nanahu ka manō, the wiliwili tree blooms, the sharks bit (a blossoming girl is desired by males; sharks are believed to mate when the wiliwili blooms and to be especially ferocious). E hau'oli ho'i ka wao akua, a e pua mai ho'i (Isa. 35.1), the wilderness shall be glad and blossom too. 2. To issue, appear, come forth, emerge, said especially of smoke, wind, speech, and colors, hence to smoke, blow, speak, shine. Cf. pua ahi, pua ehu, pua 'ehu, pua 'ena, pua hina, puana, puka. Pua ka uahi, the smoke rises. E pua ana ka makani, the wind rises. Kapu ka nū, ka 'i, i ka pua o ka leo, forbidden to groan, to speak by sound of the voice. A 'ike pua iki no 'oe iā Ka'ula, and you can barely see Ka'ula. Pua i'a hoa makani, the wind companions blow the fish (scandal). ho'opua. Causative/simulative. Mai ho'opua 'oe, do not say a word. 3. Progeny, child, descendent offspring; young, as of āholehole, 'ama'ama, 'anae, awa, kāhala, 'ō'io, uouoa; to produce progeny or young. Pua ali'i, descendants of chiefs, royal progeny. Pua 'uhini, young 'uhini, a grasshopper. Kāna mau pua, his descendants. Lau kō pua, netting drive for young fish. Ua pau, ua hala lākou, a koe no na pua (song), they are gone, passed away, and the descendants remain. 4. Arrow, dart, sometimes made from flower stalks of sugar cane. 5. Same as olopua, 1, a tree. 6. Float, buoy. Obs. 7. Short for 'ōpua, a cloud bank. 8. (Cap.) The name of a mischievous goddess of sorcery. Cf. ki'ipua.

pua aheahe, pūahea'ie. To blow gently; light, as work.

pua ehu. To blow spray or dust. Pua ehu akula ka moana, the ocean spray flies.

puahio. To come and go swiftly, as a puff of wind.

puahiohio. Redup. of puahio; whirlwind. Fig., worthless talk. E lawe aku 'o Iehova iā 'Elia i ka lani ma 'ka lani ma ka puahiohio (2 Nal. 2.1). Jehivah was to take Elijah up to heaven by a whirlwind.

pua'ō. Bluster, onslaught, as of high wind or dashing waves. rude, abrupt speech; to speak thus.

puewa. To float, drift, as carried by wind or tide; a vagabond. Rare.

puha'u. To puff out, billow out, swell out.

pūhihio. 1. To whirl, blow, as the wind; gusty. 2. To break wind noiselessly. 'Ai pūhihio, same as 'ai pūhi'u (see puhi'u, 2).

pūhili. 1. To veer, as the wind. Ke pā pūhili nei ka makani, the wind is blowing every which way. ho'opūhili. To blow in gusts from varying directions. 'A'ohe mea nāna e ho'opūhili, he moho no ka lā makani, there is none to blow (him) aside, for he is a wingless rail (candidate) of a windy day (admiration for one who lets nothing stop him from carrying out a task). 2. Confused, thwarted,

frustrated, set naught. ho'opūhili. To confuse, thwart, frustrate.
3. Same as pūhilihili, a vine.

pūhiohio. Same as pūhio.

pūkalkāi. Rough, boisterous, as wind; ruffled, incombbed, as hair. Fig.,
bad temper; gruff.

pūkīkī. Strong, boisterous, stormy, as wind.

pūko'a. 1. Coral head. Pūko'a wāwāhi wa'a, a coral head that wrecks
canoes. Pūko'a kani 'āina, a reef that makes the land ring (a
great and invulnerable fighter). 2. Spotted, as in several
colors. Cf. pua'a pūko'a. 3. To rise, blow, as smoke. Ua pūko'a
a'ela ka uahi (Hal. 18.8), the smoke rose. 4. Same as pu'uka'a
a plant.

puku kālina. Collected sweet-potato vines. Poetical, a stormy or
whirling wind.

pulelehua. 1. Butterfly, moth, the Kamehameha butterfly (Vanessa
tameamea). (KL line 288.) For example see 'aolo. ho'opulelehua.
To act the butterfly, to talk much but say little; frivolous.
2. Blown in the air, as spray. ho'opulelehua. To blow. Trans.

punapuna. 1. Mealy, firm, not soft or soggy, as taro or sweet potato.
2. Redup. of puna, 3, jointed. He punapuna noho'i e like me ke kō
(For. 5:607), jointed too, like sugar cane (of kava). (KL line
60). 3. Scattered, wind-blown, pulverized. Obs.

pu'ō. Same as pua'o; to blaze up, as fire; to bend, as coconut fronds
in a wind; to lift up; to bloom. Pu'ō ke ahi, the fire blazes
up. ho'opu'ō. Causative/simulative.

*Pu'ukapele. Same as Pu'u-pele, the name of a wind at Mānā, Kaua'i, and
of a place on Kaua'i.

*Pu'u-lena. Name of a famous cold wind at Kīlauea, Hawai'i. Ke 'ano la'i
aloha a ka Pu'u-lena (chant), the peaceful, loving mystery of the
Pu'u-lena wind.

pu'u makani. 1. Gaseous stomach, biliousness. 2. Windy hill.

pu'upā. 1. Obstacle, struck object. Pu'upā Ni'ihau na ka Unulau (chant)
Ni'ihau is truck by the Unulau wind. He pu'upā hiolo wale no
i ka leo, an obstacle that can be upset by the voice (by gentle
speech). 2. A stone used for maika stones. Obs. 3. A lua fighting
hold. Obs. 4. To give and receive freely.

*Pu'i-pele. Same as Pu'u-kapele.

U

*'ūkiu. 1. Same as 'ūkiuki. 2. (Cap.) Name of a chilly north wind; to blow, of this wind. 3. Same as 'ūki'uki, 1.

ukiuki. Anger, resentment (For. 4:191); angry, annoyed, offended, vexed, displeased (2 Sam. 6.8) irritated, peeved; to hate (Kin. 50.15); fierce, adverse, as the wind. ho'oukiuki. to provoke, offend, displease, irritate.

*'ūki'uki, 'ūkiuki. 1. Broken kukui nut shells, as after the kernel has been extracted. Also called 'ūkiu. 2. Same as palakiu, rotted. 3. (Cap.) Diminutive 'ūkiu wind; to blow gently, as this wind. Māewa ana ka 'ūkiuki o Honokoa (For. 5:57), the gentle breeze of Honokoa flutters.

ulu. 1. To grow, increase, spread (intrans.); grove, growth, collection, flock; an increase or rising of the wind. Cf. mea ulu, ulu kukui, ulu manu, ulu moku, ulu niu. Ka ulu o ka lā, the rising of the sun. Kai ulu, sea at full tide. Ulu ehuehu, to grow fast, as a child. Mauka 'oe e hele ai, ma ka ulu o ka makani (PH 213), go inland where the wind blows. ho'oulu. To grow (trans.) sprout, cause to increase, as the surf. Ho'oulu lāhui, to increase and preserve the nation (said to be the aim of King Kalākaua.) Pule ho'oūlu 'āina, prayer for the increased productivity of the land. 2. Possessed by a spirit; inspired by a spirit, god, ideal, person; stirred, excited; to enter and inspire. Mana'o ulu wale a thought entered of its own accord, hence fancy, impulse, imagination. E ulu, e ulu kini o ke akua, ulu o Kāne me Kanaloa (prayer), enter and inspire, may myriads of spirits enter and inspire, including Kāne and Kanaloa, Ua ulu a'e ia mamuli o ka māhele lua o ke ko'iko'i, this occurred because of the division of the responsibility. ho'oulu, ho'ūlu. To stir up, inspire, excite, taunt. Trans. Pule ho'oulu, prayer for inspiration. Oli ho'oulu, taunting chant, as before combat. Ka ho'oulu hakakā, stirring up fights. (PPN huru, PMP surup.) 3. Same as more common uluulu, 3. 4. Stick used in spreading hot oven stones; to spread the stones. 5. Kind of tapa made at Waipi'o, Hawai'i. 6. Center, as of a canoe or net. Cf. uluna, 3. Kihele ia ulu, bail out the center.

*Ulu-mano. A strong wind blowing from a given direction in each locality, as a strong southeast wind in Ka'ū, Hawai'i. Lit., quantities of roughness. 'Eha i ke ku'iku'i a ka Ulu-mano, pained by buffets of the Ulu-mano wind.

unahe. 1. Same as nahe; light breeze. Unahe ka pā o ka makani, the wind blows gently. Ho'olele lupe i ka unahe (Kep. 115), fly kites in a light breeze. 2. A foliose lichen. (Parmelia perlata).

unu. 1. Small stone, pebble, stone ship; wedge, prop. Cf. unu pehi 'iole. Kohala i ka unu pa'a, Kohala with the solid stone (firmness). 2. Altar, especially a crude one for fishermen or for the god Lono. Unu kupukupu (PH 202), a growing altar (of fishermen). 3. Rare var. of inu, to drink. 4. Rare var. of ulu. E ka unu me ka ua Kipu'upu'u (song), by the stirring (of the wind) and the Kipu'upu'u rain.

*Unulau. 1. A wind famous in song; according to Emerson, the trade wind. (UL 196, For. 5:253) For examples see puka, pu'upā. 2. Name of a place at Ka'ū, Hawai'i. 3. Name of a star.

*'Unuloa. A wind of Puna, Hawai'i.

'upa'i. To flap, as wings, clothes in the wind; to bend in the wind, as a branch; to walk with a flapping movement. Mehe 'upa'i na ke koa'e la (PH 101), like the flapping if a tropic bird's (wings).

'upa'ipa'i. Redup. of 'upa'i.

W

waiianuheā. Same as anuhea. Pī-waiianuheā, sweet pea. Waiianuheā ke 'ala o ka 'awapuhi, the cool fragrance of the ginger. ho'o-waiianuheā. To cool, make fragrant and cool. Na ka Ma'a'a i ho'owaiianuheā a 'olu wale, cooled by the Ma'a'a wind so as to be pleasant.

*Wai-'ōpua. 1. Name of a pleasant breeze. Lit., water of cloud banks. 2. (Not cap.) A disease similar to pulmonary consumption. 3. (Not cap.) Leucorrhea.

wai puhia. Wind-blown water, especially of a waterfall; name of the "upside-down" waterfall in Nu'uau Valley.

welo. 1. To flutter, float or stream, as in the wind. Welo kīhei i ke A'e-loa, the shawl streams in the A'e-loa wind (said of a swift runner). 2. To set, of the sun. 3. Progeny, family, family trait or strain, group custom. He welo huhū, a family trait of quick tempers. Ka po'e o 'Ene-lani-hou he welo holomoku, the people of New England have the trait of seafaring. Ua kapa 'ia ko mākou 'ohana ka welo kūnono o Waikapuna, our family is called the fiery breed of Waikapuna. 4. (Cap.) Name of a month in the old calendar, corresponding to April. 5. (Cap.) Name of a star (No data). 6. A strong purge made of the juice of the bitter gourd or seeds of ka'e'e. Obs.

welowelo. Redup. of welo, 1, 2; flying streak, as of the tail of a comet or of a firebrand. Cf. hōkū welowelo.

wewelo. Same as welowelo. Mea ho'owewelo, streamer.

wilikōī. Dust or trash blown by the wind.

wilimakani. Windmill.

wili'ōka'i. 1. Chrysalis of night moth ('ōka'i), cocoon. Also called 'ōwili 'ōka'i. 2. To whirl bluster, as the wind. Cf. 'ōka'i. Ka wili 'ōka'i a ka Unulau, the whirling turning of the Unulau wind.

wiliwili. 1. Redup. of wili, 1. Pā wiliwili, blowing of wind in all directions. ho'owiliwili. Redup. of ho'owili. Ho'owiliwili ka ua i ka 'ino, the rain swirls in the storm. Ho'owiliwili ka i'a. the fish swim in circles. 2. A Hawaiian leguminous tree (Erythrina sandwicensis, formerly called E. monosperma), found on dry coral plains and on lava flows, somewhat spiny, with short thick trunk. Each leaf has three ovate leaflets; flowers are clustered near branch ends and range in color from red to orange, yellow, white; pods contain red, oblong seeds, used for leis. The wood is very light and formerly was used for surfboards, net floats. (Neal 401.) For example see pua, 1.

wini. 1. Sharp, as a point. Fig., impudent. Ua wini kākala, the spurs are sharp (said of a youth who has reached manhood). Wini 'i'o no! How sharp! (Such boldness, nerve!) ho'owini. To sharpen, make a point. 2. Wind. Eng. Pea wini, fair wind.